



OIL - WATER SEPARATOR FOD 21 ÷ 1440

TECHNOLOGY YOU CAN TRUST



The reasons

Every process involving the compression, cooling and treatment of compressed air produces condensates that may contain more or less oil depending on the type of compressor.



As an example, if a compression system with a refrigerant dryer with a capacity of 20 m³/min, 10 bar were to operate at 60% full load, two shifts a day, for 220 days/year, at a room temperature of 25 °C and 70% relative humidity, its condensate production would be about 39,000 litres/year.

Not only is it illegal to discharge condensates polluted with oil and/or hydrocarbons into sewage systems or the environment, but it also makes the already critical environmental situation worse.

It is well known that oil is a high pollutant. Even a small quantity can cover a vast water surface.

Collecting and disposing of these condensates is both difficult and extremely costly due to factors including:

- local storage,
- transportation to specialised centres for aftertreatment of specific waste,
- maintenance of appropriate registers, where required.



On the basis of the above example, in the space of one year, we must:

- manage the storage of 39,000 litres of industrial condensate;
- organise its transportation to specialised disposal centres;
- sustain the cost of aftertreatment and disposal, which, taking the average cost to be 0.10 euros/litre, would mean a cost of 3,900.00 euros.



Separating the oil from the condensate water right from the outset is undoubtedly less burdensome both in terms of management and general costs.

MARK has always prioritised environmental management, and has held UNI EN ISO 14001certification since 2001. We offer:

FOD

- a simple solution to a big problem;
- an aid to help humans protect the environment..

The FOD oil/water separator is simple to install and use, and does not require electrical powering.

The oil is separated through a multistage filtration process. The oil is absorbed by special absorbent substances inert to water which, once saturated, are removed and managed in the same way as normal oil removal filter cartridges.

At the end of the process the condensate can be

At the end of the process, the condensate can be discharged into the sewage system in compliance with prevailing local regulations.

Technology - Principle - Environment



FOD is state-of-the-art technology

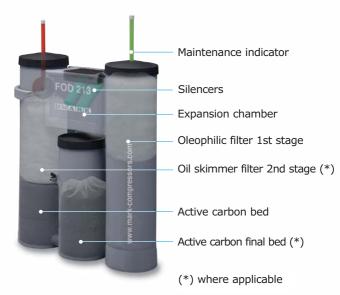
for the treatment of condensates derived from compressed air.

FOD is a state-of-the-art multistage cascade filtration system for the separation of oil from condensate water.

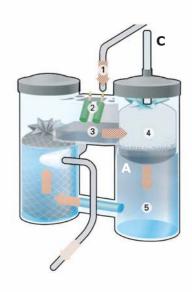
This innovative patented system is not affected by condensate discharge under pressure.

The condensates can be channelled directly into the intake pipe without any need for special collection manifolds.

The floating oil skimmer filters and the final active carbons are not damaged by vibrations, jolts or sprays, and guarantee consistent high long-term performance without problems of any kind.



Principle



The condensate ${\mathfrak O}$ passes through the silencer ${\mathfrak O}$ into the expansion chamber ${\mathfrak O}$.

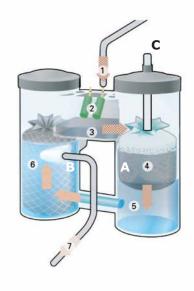
After this, it is channelled into tower A through the oil skimmer-filter 4, which traps most of the oil but allows the water to flow through 5.

The floating oil skimmer filter also absorbs the film of oil that commonly forms on the surface.

As the filter slowly absorbs the oil, it begins to get heavy and consequently sinks lower and lower into the liquid triggering the maintenance indicator "C" to withdraw. Once the filter is saturated it sinks completely.

The condensate then passes into tower B and through the active carbon bed, still containing a small amount of oil 6. Here the remaining oil particles are trapped, while the condensate can be discharged containing hardly a trace of oil residue 7.

Depending on the size of the machine, one or even two sets of filters can be used (oil skimmer + active carbon)



- Oil separation by means of filtration, prevents the need for separation, resulting in greater health safety and lower cleaning requirements.
- Higher and constant long-term performance regardless of the oil concentration at intake.
- Great load capacity prevents condensate leakage due to any unexpected increase in the intake flow.
- Simple and robust, easy to install, and no need for special settings.
- There is no need for oil recycling containers.
- Simple to maintain.
- Maintenance kits are available to suit all needs with oil residue recycling buckets.





Notes:

- Sizes and weights without packaging
- All capacities refer to:
 - residual oil concentration equal to 10 mg/litre.
 - compressor operating cycle at 7 bar for 12 hours/day.
- For different conditions: multiply capacity by the relative coefficient:
 - residual oil concentration equal to 15 mg/litre: 1,50
 - 22 Hours/day 8 10 12 14 16 18 20 24 - running hours Coefficient 1.5 1.2 0,86 0.75 0,67 0,60 0,55 0,50



MARK has a policy of continuous product improvement. We reserve the right to change specifications and product design without prior notice.









SOLD AT

